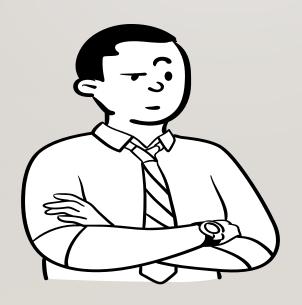
HASTINGS HIGHLANDS FIRE DEPARTMENT

FIRE DEPARTMENT STATION
STRUCTURE REVIEW



2 PREFACE

This presentation as well as the business case is developed in reference to and supported by the Fire Service Review conducted by EMG (Emergency Management Group) and is poised to support the restructuring of the Hastings Highlands Fire Department to best utilize the currently available Physical Facilities, Equipment, Apparatus as well as Human Resources. While keeping budget limitations and available human resources to realistic levels in concert with the size of our Municipal catchment area and funding base.



PROBLEM AS WE SEE IT!

The current fire service delivery model is ineffective, inefficient, and prohibitive in terms of cost and human resources.

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Pre-amalgamation structure

PREVIOUS TOWNSHIP MAP



PROBLEM AS WE SEE IT!

The current fire service delivery model is ineffective, inefficient, and prohibitive in terms of cost and human resources.

- Pre-amalgamation structure
- Excessive number of physical fire stations throughout the municipality

TOWNSHIP FIRE STATION LAYOUT



OPPORTUNITIES AND LIMITATIONS

Amalgamation January 2000

II OPPORTUNITIES

- Amalgamation January 2000
- "Right Size" the Hastings Highlands Fire
 Department

The opportunities for this project far outweigh the limitations, they include:

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Reduced Operating Costs

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- Reduced Operating Costs
- Reduced Capital Costs
- Reduced Human Resources

16 OPPORTUNITIES REDUCED OPERATING COSTS PHYSICAL FACILITIES

REDUCED OPERATING COSTS PHYSICAL FACILITIES

Reduction in physical facility assets and associated operating costs:

Insurance (Building/property Ins.)

REDUCED OPERATING COSTS PHYSICAL FACILITIES

- Insurance (Building/property Ins.)
- Property and Building Maintenance (Lawn maintenance, snow removal, pest control, day to day maintenance and repairs)

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- Insurance (Building/property Ins.)
- Property and Building Maintenance (Lawn maintenance, snow removal, pest control, day to day maintenance and repairs)
- Utilities (Heat, hydro, telephone & data)
- Equipment & Supplies (i.e. Office, garage, washrooms, etc.)

REDUCED OPERATING COSTS ROLLING STOCK ASSETS

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Reduction in rolling stock assets and associated operating costs:

Insurance (Vehicle)

REDUCED OPERATING COSTS ROLLING STOCK ASSETS

- Insurance (Vehicle)
- Vehicle Maintenance, Annual Safety Certification, Pumper Testing, etc.

REDUCED OPERATING COSTS ROLLING STOCK ASSETS

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REDUCED OPERATING COSTS ROLLING STOCK ASSETS

- Insurance (Vehicle)
- Vehicle Maintenance, Annual Safety Certification, Pumper Testing, etc.
- Licensing, Fuel, Oil & Consumables
- Weekly Checks, Washing, Inventory, documentation

REDUCED OPERATING COSTS HUMAN RESOURCES

Reduction in required/optimal number of firefighters and associated operating costs:

REDUCED OPERATING COSTS HUMAN RESOURCES

Reduction in required/optimal number of firefighters and associated operating costs:

• PPE (Bunker Gear, etc.)

REDUCED OPERATING COSTS HUMAN RESOURCES

- Reduction in required/optimal number of firefighters and associated operating costs:
 - PPE (Bunker Gear, etc.)
 - Two-way radios and Pagers

REDUCED OPERATING COSTS HUMAN RESOURCES

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 - Training costs

REDUCED OPERATING COSTS HUMAN RESOURCES

- Reduction in required/optimal number of firefighters and associated operating costs:
 - PPE (Bunker Gear, etc.)
 - Two-way radios and Pagers
 - Training costs
 - Station meetings/practices

31 OPPORTUNITIES REDUCED CAPITAL COSTS WORKING CAPITAL

Reduced working capital (Long Term):

REDUCED CAPITAL COSTS WORKING CAPITAL

Reduced working capital (Long Term):

Physical facilities

REDUCED CAPITAL COSTS WORKING CAPITAL

- Reduced working capital (Long Term):
 - Physical facilities
 - Apparatus

REDUCED CAPITAL COSTS WORKING CAPITAL

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 - Apparatus
 - Capital Equipment (i.e. SCBA, Washer/Extractors, Dryers, etc.)

REDUCED CAPITAL COSTS WORKING CAPITAL

- Reduced working capital (Long Term):
 - Physical facilities
 - Apparatus
 - Capital Equipment (i.e. SCBA, Washer/Extractors, Dryers, etc.)
 - Decrease in the level of funding required for maintaining adequate reserves for renewal.

36 LIMITATIONS

Gaps or underserviced areas

Limitations Mitigation

Perform gap analysis

- Perform gap analysis
- Limit creation of new or larger gaps

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- Limit creation of new or larger gaps
- Plan is not static, moving forward locate new infrastructure to reduce service gaps

The largest risks:

• Underestimation of required service levels/density.

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 - Initiating a plan that opens gaps in service and or leaves areas of the municipality underserviced.

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- Weak Communication Plan

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 - Initiating a plan that opens gaps in service and or leaves areas of the municipality underserviced.
- Weak Communication Plan
 - Lack of a comprehensive communication plan to assist in ensuring a comprehensive understanding of the plan by stakeholders to alleviate their concerns.

Restructure of the Hastings Highlands Fire Department as well as the current service delivery model.

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 Reduce the number and in some cases the location of physical fire stations.

Restructure of the Hastings Highlands Fire Department as well as the current service delivery model.

- Reduce the number and in some cases the location of physical fire stations.
- Consolidate resources, Inc. equipment, apparatus, human and financial, needed to provide fire services delivery to current standards, for the Municipality.

 Consolidate available resources and streamline fire service delivery from the previous 6 station model into a 3-station model.

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- Reorganize the existing fire services assets (i.e. Stations, Apparatus, Equipment and Staffing) to best service and meet the needs of the Municipality, Stakeholders and non-developed areas (i.e. Forests) rationalized based upon the physical size, population (inc. population density) and available funding base.

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- Optimize the current Fire Service delivery model and reduce both operational as well as capital requirements, while maintaining acceptable levels of service coverage to stakeholders.

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 size, population (inc. population density) and available funding base.
- Optimize the current Fire Service delivery model and reduce both operational as well as capital requirements, while
 maintaining acceptable levels of service coverage to stakeholders.

Note: The above will reorganize the current Fire Service delivery model, reducing the overall number of Fire Stations as well as relocating existing Fire Stations.

BACKGROUND

 Hastings Highlands Fire Department provides fire and emergency services to over 966 Sq/Km of Urban, Rural and Forested areas within the Municipality, with an average population density of 4.5/km². Wildland fire suppression of inaccessible forested areas within the Municipality are managed through the Ministry of Northern Development, Mines, Natural Resources and Forestry.

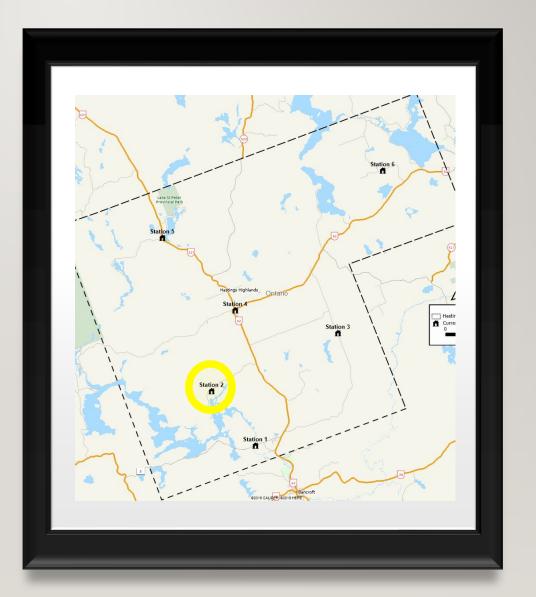
BACKGROUND

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- We currently operate with 6 Stations, (3 of which are currently in-active due to facility building deficiencies and staffing levels) responding to 95 (2023 data) calls for service annually with a compliment of 31 personnel, of which 24 are active.

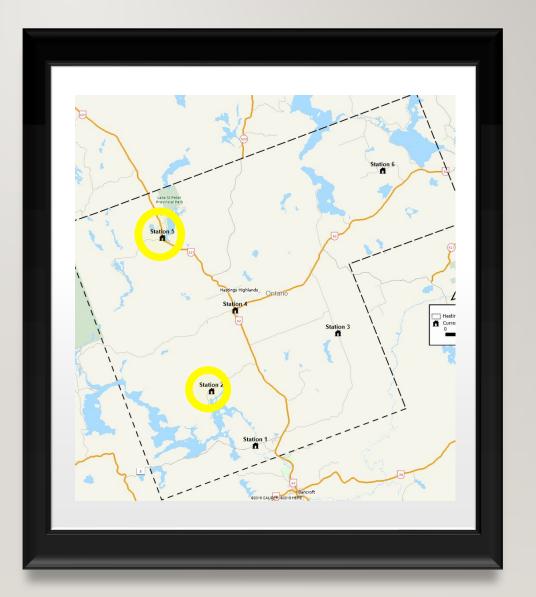
CURRENT FIRE STATION LAYOUT



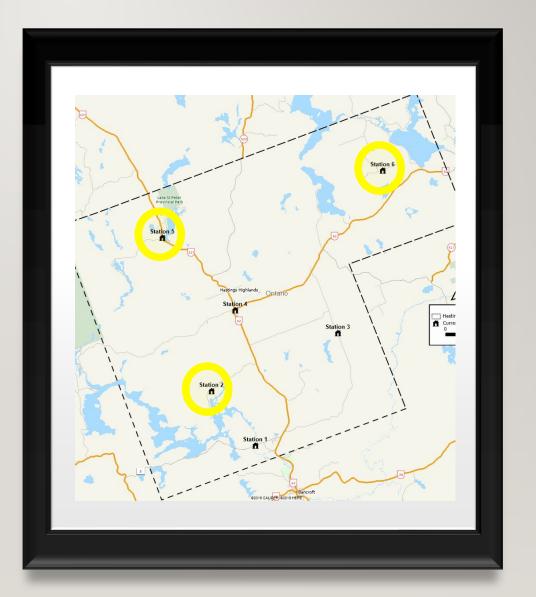
INACTIVE FIRE STATIONS



INACTIVE FIRE STATIONS



INACTIVE FIRE STATIONS



FINANCIAL

Operating Costs

 The projected operational costs associated with operating 3 versus 6 fire station model will provide significant savings through efficiencies on an ongoing basis.

FINANCIAL

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FINANCIAL

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FINANCIAL

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 - Initial cost of training and equipping the required net new firefighters.

FINANCIAL

- · The projected operational costs associated with operating 3 versus 6 fire station model will provide significant savings through efficiencies on an ongoing basis.
- Further the reduction to 3 stations will also allow for an attainable optimal staffing level in all operational stations in consideration of the relatively low municipal population base
 - The operational requirements of the 6-station model is exponentially more expensive, which is largely driven by:
 - Initial cost of training and equipping the required net new firefighters.
 - Overall annual costs associated with an incrementally large number of firefighter positions as demonstrated in the following table.

Operational Cost Projections Option #I			
Stations	6		
Period	Yr. I	Yr. 2	
HR Costs	378,071	367,763	
Training	1,112,814	242,872	
Apparatus/Facilities/Equip.	591,194	258,124	
Total	2,082,078	868,759	

Operational Cost Projections Option #1				
Stations	6			
Period	Yr. I	Yr. 2		
HR Costs	378,071	367,763		
Training	1,112,814	242,872		
Apparatus/Facilities/Equip.	591,194	258,124		
Total	2,082,078	868,759		
Operational Cost Projections Option #2				
Stations	3			
Period	Yr. I	Yr. 2		
	• • • •	1114		
HR Costs	186,708	183,882		
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HR Costs Training	186,708 359,968	183,882 121,436		

Operational Cost Projections Option #1

Operational Cost Projections Option #I				
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Yr. I	Yr. 2			
378,071	367,763			
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Operational Cost Projections Option #2				
3				
3	5			
Yr. I	Yr. 2			
Yr. I	Yr. 2			
Yr. I 186,708	Yr. 2 183,882			
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Operational Cost Projections Option #1 Stations Yr. I Yr. 2 **Period HR Costs** 378,071 367,763 **Training** 1,112,814 242,872 Apparatus/Facilities/Equip. 591,194 258,124 2,082,078 Total 868,759 **Operational Cost Projections Option #2 Stations Period** Yr. I Yr. 2 **HR Costs** 186,708 183,882 **Training** 359,968 121,436 Apparatus/Facilities/Equip. 238 562 226,136 Total 531,454 785,238

72

DETAILED ANALYSIS OPERATIONAL COST PROJECTIONS State Peri

Operational Cost Projections Option #1 Stations Yr. I Yr. 2 **Period HR Costs** 378,071 367,763 **Training** 1,112,814 242,872 258 124 Apparatus/Facilities/Equip. 591,194 **Total** 2,082,078 868,759 **Operational Cost Projections Option #2 Stations Period** Yr. I Yr. 2 **HR Costs** 186,708 183,882 **Training** 121,436 359,968 Apparatus/Facilities/Equip. 238,562 226,136 Total 785,238 531,454

DETAILED ANALYSIS OPERATIONAL COST PROJECTIONS State Peri

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FINANCIAL

Capital Budget Projections/Implications

Projected capital requirements for operating 3 versus
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FINANCIAL

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FINANCIAL

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FINANCIAL

- Projected capital requirements for operating 3 versus 6 stations is relatively straight lined
- Apparatus life cycle analysis
- Facilities relocation/replacement
- 6 station service model is heavily weighted in terms of cost in the initial year
- Capital requirements increase over 10 years from 8.6M for the 3-station model to 17.2M for the 6-station model. (As per NFPA/FUS)

Option #1 Capital Budget Projections/Implications				
6 Station	Current	5Yrs	10yrs	Total
Apparatus	6,260,000	500,000	90,000	6,850,000
Facilities	5,400,000	2,250,000	2,700,000	10,350,000
Total	11,660,000	2,750,000	2,790,000	17,200,000

Option #1 Capital Budget Projections/Implications				
6 Station	Current	5Yrs	10yrs	Total
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Facilities	5,400,000	2,250,000	2,700,000	10,350,000
Total	11,660,000	2,750,000	2,790,000	17,200,000

Option #2 Capital Budget Projections/Implications				
3 Station	Current	5Yrs	10yrs	Total
Apparatus	2,335,000	750,000	90,000	3,175,000
Facilities	0	2,700,000	2,700,000	5,400,000
Total	2,335,000	3,450,000	2,790,000	8,575,000

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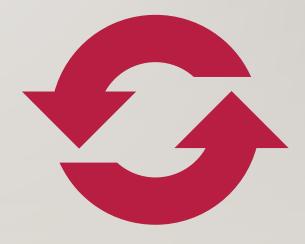
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FINANCIAL

Lifecycle Management Plan

 Lifecycle management is a critical requirement for any long-term service.



FINANCIAL

Lifecycle Management Plan

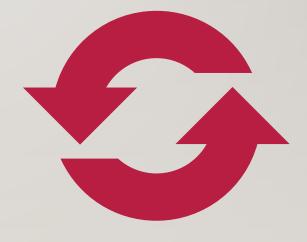
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 - Ensure adequate resources for renewal/replacement at end of lifecycle.



FINANCIAL

Lifecycle Management Plan

- Lifecycle management is a critical requirement for any long-term service.
 - Ensure adequate resources for renewal/replacement at end of lifecycle.
 - Reserves increase in proportion to the cumulative value of the assets.



Option #1 Annual Renewal Cost (non-Indexed)		
6 Station Model		
Apparatus	409,500	
Facilities	324,000	
Equipment	38,050	
Total	771,550	

Option #I Annual Renewal Cost (non-Indexed) 6 Station Model Apparatus 409,500 Facilities 324,000 Equipment 38,050 Total 771,550

Option #2 Annual Renewal Cost (non-Indexed)		
3 Station Model		
Apparatus	225,750	
Facilities	162,000	
Equipment	21,189	
Total	408,939	

Option #1 Annual Renewal Cost (non-Indexed)		
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FINANCIAL

Financial Roll-up

 The tables below demonstrate the overall financial (both Capital and Operating) impact of Options #1 versus Option #2 over a 10 (Ten) year cumulative period.

10 yr. Cumulative Financial Impact Option #1		
6 Station Model		
Operating 9,900,90		
Capital	17,200,000	
Reserve Transfers	7,715,500	
Total	34,816,409	

10 yr. Cumulative Financial Impact Option #1		
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Operating	9,900,909	
Capital	17,200,000	
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10 yr. Cumulative Financial Impact Option #2		
3 Station Model		
Operating	5,568,323	
Capital	8,575,000	
Reserve Transfers	4,089,390	
Total	18,232,713	

10 yr. Cumulative Financial Impact Option #1		
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HUMAN RESOURCES

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HUMAN RESOURCES

97

- Hastings Highlands Fire Department is currently operating with a compliment of 31 firefighters of which 7 are inactive for various reasons and are not available for any related duties.
- Note: Of the 7 inactive firefighters, 4
 are expected to return to full duties
 and as such for further calculation in
 this presentation, 28 existing
 firefighters will be used.



HUMAN RESOURCES

- Hastings Highlands Fire Department is currently operating with a compliment of 31 firefighters
 of which 7 are inactive for various reasons and are not available for any related duties.
- Note: Of the 7 inactive firefighters, 4 are expected to return to full duties and as such for further calculation in this presentation, 28 existing firefighters will be used.
- The operational level of staffing required to meet the minimum standard is 15 firefighters/station.

(NFPA/FUS Standards)



NFPA Staffing Requirements		
	Option #I	Option #2
Number of Stations	6	3
Staffing Required	90	45
Net New FF's	62	17

HUMAN RESOURCES

Human Resources Summary

Limited resource pool

HUMAN RESOURCES

Human Resources Summary

- Limited resource pool
- Recommended to limit the physical number of stations

HUMAN RESOURCES

Human Resources Summary

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HUMAN RESOURCES

Human Resources Summary

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- Outfitting and training costs

Projected HHFD Staffing Cost (Inc. Attrition)		
	Option #1	Option #2
# of Stations	6	3
Costs yr1	1,959,135	640,464
Annual Costs	699,606	349,803

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109 DETAILED ANALYSIS

HUMAN RESOURCES

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110 DETAILED ANALYSIS

HUMAN RESOURCES

Human Resources Summary

- Limited resource pool
- Recommended to limit the physical number of stations
- Attrition Impact
- Outfitting and training costs
- Also of note, there is a severe shortage of Volunteer firefighters throughout Ontario as well as across the country. Many municipalities are finding it very challenging to recruit adequate numbers to meet the base service needs. https://cafc.ca/page/volffshortage

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RECOMMENDED OPTION

RECOMMENDED OPTION

 In conclusion, after completing a comprehensive assessment and analysis, we confirm that the municipality does not have the available funding capacity to deliver services meeting the legislative requirements in keeping with council's direction, within Establishing and Regulating a Fire Department, Bylaw 2020-012, (e.g.) Level of Service Bylaw) based on the existing 6 station model (Option #1).

RECOMMENDED OPTION

- In conclusion, after completing a comprehensive assessment and analysis, we confirm that the municipality does not have the available funding capacity to deliver services meeting the legislative requirements in keeping with council's direction, within Establishing and Regulating a Fire Department, Bylaw 020-012, (e.g.) Level of Service Bylaw) based on the existing 6 station model (Option #1).
- Therefore, the recommendation is for council to proceed with Option #2, being a 3-station service delivery model, which will allow HHFD to operate efficiently and within its means in keeping with legislative requirements and council established levels of service. This approval will be subject to council approving a long-term operating and capital financial strategy (10 -15yr. Plan)

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IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Part I

The implementation of this plan (Option #2), post council approval, will be to:

 Communicate the closure of the 3 subject stations including stations 2, 5 & 6 through local print and radio media as well as in a notice posted on our HH Website, to reflect the closure of stations 2 & 5 as well as the removal of station 6 from active service.

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- Disconnect Telephone and Internet services at station #'s 2, 5 & 6.

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- Disconnect Telephone and Internet services at station #'s 2, 5 & 6.
- Remove fire station signage from station #2 and temporarily utilize as a storage garage.

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- Remove fire station signage from station #2 and temporarily utilize as a storage garage.
- Remove fire station signage from station #6 and maintain as a heated storage garage for back-up service apparatus and equipment that requires heated storage.

- Communicate the closure of the 3 subject stations including stations 2, 5 & 6 through local print and radio media as well as in a notice posted on our HH Website, to reflect the closure of stations 2 & 5 as well as the removal of station 6 from active service.
- Disconnect Telephone and Internet services at station #'s 2, 5 & 6.
- Remove fire station signage from station #2 and temporarily utilize as a storage garage.
- Remove fire station signage from station #6 and maintain as a heated storage garage for back-up service apparatus and equipment that requires heated storage.
- Remove all HHFD equipment and apparatus from temporary fire station in the Lake St. Peter community centre.

Part 2

 Install a locked security enclosure for HHFD Radio (repeater) equipment located in Lake St. Peter community centre

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- Create 10-year capital plan to redevelop and or relocate station #1 into close proximity to Hwy 62 in Bird's Creek

THANK YOU!

